

Department Of Sociology
Sri Dev Suman Uttarakhand University, Badshahi Thaul, Tehri Garhwal
Course: M.A (Sociology)

Semester: I

Course Code	Title of The Course	Maximum- Marks
SOC/C001	Introduction to Sociology	80 + 20
SOC/C002	Traditional Sociological Thinkers	80 + 20
SOC/C003	Research Methodology	80 + 20
SOC/C004	Political Sociology	80 + 20

Semester: II

Sub Code	Title Of The Course	Maximum- Marks
SOC/C005	Indian Sociological Thought	80 + 20
SOC/C006	Contemporary Indian Society- Tradition and Change	80 + 20
SOC/C007	Social Psychology	80 + 20
SOC/C008	Social Demography	80 + 20
SOC/C009	Viva-Voce	100

Semester: III

Sub Code	Title Of The Course	Maximum-Marks
SOC/C010	Classical Sociological Thinkers	80 + 20
SOC/C011	Research Techniques & Statistical Analysis	80 + 20
SOC/E012A	Social Anthropology	80 + 20
SOC/E012B	Industrial Sociology	80 + 20
	OR	
SOC/E013A	Indian Social Problems	80 + 20
SOC/E013B	Sociology of Environment	80 + 20

Semester: IV

Sub Code	Title Of The Course	Maximum- Marks
SOC/C014	Modern Sociological Theory	80 + 20
SOC/C015	Sociology of Planning & Development	80 + 20
SOC/E016A	Women and Society	80 + 20
SOC/E016B	Sociology of Crime	80 + 20
	OR	
SOC/E017A	Urban Sociology	80 + 20
SOC/E017B	Religion and Society	80 + 20
SOC/ E018 A	Dissertation	80 + 20
	OR	
SOC/ E018 B	Viva-Voce	100

Syllabus for M.A. (Sociology) in the Semester System

Semester-I

Paper-I

Introduction to Sociology

Course Code: SOC/C001

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit—I

Nature of Sociology: Definition, Sociological Perspectives: Basic Concepts Society, Community, Culture, Norms and Values.

Unit—II

Social Structure and Social Groups: Structure, Status and Role: Their Interrelation, Multiple Roles, Role Set: Status Set) Role Conflict.

Social Groups: Meaning and Types: Primary, Secondary, in-group and Out-group, Reference Group.

Unit—III

Social Institutions: Family, Education, Economy, Polity and Religion.

Unit—IV

Social Processes: Socialization: Concept, Agencies and Theories, Social Stratification.

Social Change: Meaning, Types and Forms.

Readings:

Berger, Peter (1963), Invitation to Sociology: A Humanistic Perspective, New York, Doubleday.
Bottomore, T.B. (1972), Sociology – A Guide to problems and Literature, Bombay: George Allen and Unwin.

Davis, Kingsley (1981), Human Society, New Delhi: Surjeet Publications.

Giddens, Anthony (1989), Sociology, Oxford University: Polity Press.

Harlambos, M. (1998), Sociology – Themes and Perspectives, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Inkeles, Alex (1987), What is Sociology? New Delhi: Prentice Hall.

Jayaram, N. (1988), Introductory Sociology, Madras: McMillan India.

Johnson Harry M. (1995), Sociology – A Systematic Introduction, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.

Maclver, R.M. and H. Page (1974), Society – An Introductory Analysis, New Delhi : McMillan.

Smelser, N.J. (1993), Sociology, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India.

Paper-II
Traditional Sociological Thinkers
Course Code: SOC/C002

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Auguste Comte – Positivism, Law of Three Stages, Contribution to the Subject matter of Sociology: Social Static and Social Dynamics.

Unit – II

Emile Durkheim: Division of Labour in the Capitalist Society, Mechanical and Organic Solidarities, Theory of Religion: Sacred and Profane. Contribution to the Methodology of Sociology: Concept of Social Fact.

Unit – III

Karl Marx: Marx's Theory of Social Change: Dialectical Materialism as a Perspective of Explaining Transformation of Human Society through Different Stages, Class and Class Conflict, Alienation and its Social Implications.

Unit – IV

Max Weber: Theory of Social Action and its types. Analysis of Modern Capitalism; Protestant Ethics and Spirit of Capitalism. Power, Status and Authority: Authority and its types. Theory of Bureaucracy.

Readings:

Adams Bert N. and Sydie, R.A. (2001), *Sociological Theory*, New Delhi: Vaster Publication.

Aron Raymond (1967), *Main Currents in Sociological Thought*, Vol. 1 and 2, Penguin, Chapters on Marx, Durkheim and Weber.

Bendix, Rinehart (1960), *Max Weber, an Intellectual Portrait (For Weber)* Double Day.

Coser, L.A. (1977), *Master of Sociological Thought*, New York: Harcourt Brace, pp. 43-87, 129-174, 217-260.

Dehrendorf, Ralph (1959), *Class and Class Conflict in an Industrial Society*, Stanford University Press.

Giddens, Anthony (1977), *Capitalism and Modern Social Theory- An analysis of Writing of Marx, Durkheim and Weber*, Cambridge University Press, Whole Book.

Hughes, Jhon, A. Martin, Perer, J. and Sharrok, W.W. (1995) *Understanding Classical Sociology- Marx, Durkheim and Weber*, London: Sage Publication.

Nisbet, Robert (1996), *The Sociology Tradition*, London: Heinemann Education Books Ltd.

Parsons Talcott (1949), *The Structure of Social Action*, New York, McGraw Hill.

Popper Karl (1945), Open Society and its Enemies, London, Rutledge.
Ritzer, George, (1992), (3rd edition), Sociological Theory, New York, McGraw Hill.
Turner, Jonathan H. (1995) (4th edition), The Structure of Sociological Theory Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
Zeitlin Irving M. (1981), Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory, Prentice Hall.
Zeitlin, Irving M. (1998), (Indian edition). Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory, New Delhi: Rawat Publication.

Paper-III
Research Methodology
Course Code: SOC/C003

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit-I

Social Research; Meaning, Nature and Objectives of Research; Type of Social Research; Significance of Research, Research and Scientific Method, Research Process, Criteria of Good Research.

Unit-II

What is research Problem? Selecting the Problem, Necessity and defining the Problem, Techniques involved in defining the Problem.

Unit-III

Hypothesis: Meaning, Characteristics, and importance of hypothesis in Research, Types and testing of Hypothesis, Problems in Formulating Hypothesis.

Unit-IV

Research Design: Meaning of Research Design, Features of a Good Research Design
Types of Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Diagnostic and Experimental.

Readings:

Ahuja, Ram (2001), Reserch Methods, Delhi: Rawat Publications.
Bailey, Kenneth D. (1982), Method of Social Research, New York: The Free Press, Second Edition.
Blalock, Hubert M. (1970), Social Statistics. New York: Tata Mc-Graw-Hill.

- Champion, Dean. J. (1981), Basic Statistics for Social Research New Delhi: Macmillan Publishing New York.
- Dooley, David (1998), Social Research Methods, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
- Goode, W.J. and Hatt. P.K. (1952), Methods in Social Research, New York: McGraw International Students Edition.
- Gupta, S.P. (2002), Statistical Methods, New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons Publication.
- Kothari, C.R. (1988), Research Methodology, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- Moser, S.C. and G. Kalton (1971), Survey Methods in Social Investigation, London: Heinmann.
- Seltiz, Claire et al (1959), Research Methods in Social Relation, New York: Henry Holt and Co.
- Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah (1979), Fieldworker and The Field, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Thakur, Devender (2003), Research Methodology in Social Science, New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Wilkinson, T.S. and Bhandarkar, P.L. (1984), Methodology & Techniques of Social Research, Bombay, Himalaya Publishing House.
- Young, P.V. (1988), Scientific Social Surveys and Research, New Delhi Prentice Hall.

Paper-IV
Political Sociology
Course Code: SOC/C003

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Nature and Scope of Political Sociology.

Approaches to Political Sociology: Behavioral, System Analysis and Input-Output approach.

UNIT-II

Power and Authority: Functional Perspective, Marxian Perspective and Community Power Structure.

Elite theory: Concept and Ideology, Power Elite and Circulation of Elites.

UNIT-III

Conditions of democratic order: Economic Development and Democracy Social Class and Democracy.

Caste and Democratic Polity: Conflict and Democracy in India,

UNIT-IV

Political Parties, Leadership and Faction and Interest group- their role in Democratic Structure.

Political Recruitment, Political Socialization and Voting Behaviour

Readings:

Almond and Coleman (1960), The Politics of Developing Areas, Princeton University Press.

Almond and Piwell (1972), Comparative Politics : A Development Approach, New Delhi.

Aron, Raymond (1967), Industrial Sociology: Three Essays on Ideology and Development, New York.

Blondel, Jean (1969), Comparative Government, Macmillan.

Bottomore, T.B. (1971), Elites and Society, Penguin, Harmond Swarth.

Ball, Alan R. (1978), Modern Politics and Government, Macmillan.

Dowse, R.E. and Hughes (J.A.) (1972), Political Sociology, London: John Wiley.

Easton, David (1965), A Framework for Political Analysis, Englewood Cliffs. Prentic-Hall.

Lipset, S.M. (1959), Political Man, London.

Pizzorno, A. (1970), Political Sociology, Penguin Books.

Rush, M. (1966), Political Sociology, New York.

Nagla, B.K. (1991), Political Sociology, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Nagla, B.K. (1984), Factionalism, Politics and Social Structure, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Semester-II
Paper-I
Indian Sociological Thought
SOC/C005

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Theoretical Issues: Indigenous Social Thought: Sociology in India; Indian Sociology.

Unit – II

Indological / Textual: G.S. Ghurye; Louis Dumont.
& Civilizational: N.K. Bose; Surajeet Sinha

Unit – III

Structural-Functional: M.N. Srinivas; S.C. Dube
Synthesis of Textual and Field views. Irawati Karve; Andre Beteille.

Unit – IV

Marxian: D.P. Mukherji; A.R. Desai
Subaltern: Ranjit Guha; David Hardiman

Readings:

- Desai, A.R. (1981), "Relevance of the Marxist Approach to the Study of Indian Society", Sociological Bulletin, 10(1). pp. 1-20
Dhanagare, D.N. (1998), Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology, New Delhi, Rawat Publications.
Dumont, Louis (1970), Homo-Hierarchicus: Caste System and its Implications, Chicago.
Ghurye, G.S. (1957), Caste and Class in India, Bombay: Popular Book Depot.
Mukherjee, D.P. (1958), Diversities, Delhi: People's Publishing House.
Singh, Y. (1973), Modernization of Indian Traditions, Delhi: Thomson Press.
Srinivas, M.N. (1960), India's Villages. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
Bose, N.K. (1977), Culture and Society in India, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
David, Hardiman (1996), Feeding the Bania: Peasants and Usurers in Western India Oxford University Press.
David, Hardiman (1987), The Coming of Devi: Adivasi Assertion in Western India: Oxford University Press.
Dube, S.C. (1967), The Indian Village, New Delhi: NBT.
Sinha, S. (1974), 'Sociology of Religion: A trend report' in ICSSR'. A Survey of Research in Sociology and Social Anthropology. 11, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
Jodhka, S.S. (1997), 'From Book view to Field view: Social Anthropological Constructions of the Indian Village'. Oxford Development Studies, 26(3)
Nagla, B.K. (2008), Indian Sociological Thought, Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
Unithan, T.K.N. (1965), (Ed.), Sociology of India, New Delhi, Prentic-Hall of India

Paper-II

Contemporary Indian Society- Tradition and Change SOC/C006

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit-I

Change in the Indian Society during the British Rule in India.

Urbanism and Urbanization in India

Unit-II

Tradition and Modernization.

Role of Elites in the Modernization of Indian Society.

Unit -III

Globalization and Liberalization: Concept and Social Implications.

Processes of Social Mobility among Castes Sanskritization and Westernization.

Unit-IV

Social Mobility among Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

Islamization and Modernization in Indian Muslim Society.

Readings:

Aziz, Abdul, (1994), Poverty Alleviation in India: Policies and Programmes, New Delhi: Ashish Publishing.

Desai, Neera and Maithreyi Krishna Raj. (1987), Women and Society in India, New Delhi: Ajanta Publishers.

Desai, Neera & Usha Thakkar (2007), Women in India Society, New Delhi: National Book Trust.

Dube, S.C. (1967), The Indian Village, New Delhi: National Book Trust.

Ghurye, G.S. (1957), Caste and Class in India, Bombay: Popular Book Depot.

Karve, Irawati (1961), Hindu Society: An Interpretation, Poona: Deccan College.

Prabhu, P.H. (1979): Hindu Society: An Interpretation, Poona: Deccan College.

Sharma, K.L. (2001), Social Inequality in India, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Srinivas, M.N. (1960), India's Villages. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.

Srinivas, M.N. (1970), Social Change in Modern India, Berkeley, California: University Press.

Srinivas, M.N. (1991), India: Social Structure, Delhi: Chaman Offset Printers.

Mandelbum, D.G. (1990), Society in India, Berkeley: University of California Press, Vol. I Parts 24 & 4.

Singh, Yogendra. (1983), Modernization of Indian Tradition: A Systematic Study of Social Change, New Delhi: Thompson Press.
C. Parvathamma , Scheduled Castes at the Cross Roads.

Paper-III

Social Psychology SOC/C007

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Social Psychology: Meaning, Nature and Scope, Its Relationship with Sociology.
Individual and Society, Psychological basis of Social and Cultural Growth.

UNIT-II

Attitudes: Formation and change, Measurement of Attitudes: Use of different scales
Learning: Concepts and Theories, Motivation: Biogenic and Sociogenic motives

UNIT-III

Public opinion, Propaganda
Prejudice, Stereotype and Rumour

UNIT-IV

Leadership: Nature, Types and Theories
Group Mind: Audience, Crowded and Crowded Behaviour.

Readings:

B.N. Maltzer, W. John & Others (1945), Symbolic Interactionism, Routledge and Kenan Paul Ltd. New Jersey, 1945.

Krech D. and Crutchfield R.S. (1975), Theory and Problems of Social Psychology, McGraw Hill, New York.

Kimball Young (1963), A Hand Book of Social Psychology (Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd. London, Revised Edition.

Kari Mannheim (1966), Essays on Sociology and Social Psychology, Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd., London, 3rd Edition.

Lindzey (ed.) (1964), handbook of Social Psychology, Vol. I & II Wiley Publishing Co. The London Third Edition.

Robert R. Evans (1975), Readings in Collective Behaviour, Chicago : Rand Monally College Publishing Co.

T.M. Newcomb (1950), Social Psychology, Drvdon Press, New York.

W.J.H. Sprott (1952), Social Psychology, Methuen and Co. London

Paper-IV

Social Demography SOC/C008

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Introduction to Social Demography: Definition, Scope, Sources of Demographic Data: Census, Vital Statistics – Historical Background–Demographic Perspectives: The Malthusian Perspective, Marxist Perspective, Neo-Marxist Perspective, Optimum Population Theory, Demographic Transition Theory.

UNIT - II

Fertility Concepts and Measurements: Concept, Measuring Fertility: Crude Birth Rate, General Fertility Rate, Age-Specific Fertility Rate, Total Fertility rate, Cross Reproduction Rate, Net Reproduction Rate, Theories of Fertility-Determinants of Fertility.

Mortality Concepts and Measurements: Components of Mortality-Measuring Mortality: Crude Death Rate, Age-Specific Death Rate, Determinants of Mortality.

UNIT -III

Migration: Definition-Measuring Migration-Types of Migration: Internal Migration & International migration- Factors for Migration- Theories and Consequences of Migration.

UNIT -IV

Population Growth and Socio – Economic Development in India. Population Policy – Mortality Influencing Policies, Migration Influencing Policies, Fertility Influencing Policies, Pronatal and Antinatalist Policies. India's Population Policy.

Readings:

Asha Bhende & Tara Kanitkar, *Principles of Population Studies*, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay 2003.

Weeks, John R, 'Population: An Introduction to Concepts and Issues', Belmont, California: Wadsworth, 1977.

Nam, Charles B, 'Population and Society', Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1968.

Hawthorn, Geoffrey, 'The Sociology of Fertility', London, Collier – Macmillan, 1970.

Heer, David M., 'Society and Population' Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall, 1975

Lassande, Louise, *Coping with Population Challenges*, London, Earthscan, 1997.

Massey, Douglas et al., "Theories of International Migration," *Population and Development Review* 19:3, 1993 (available on-line through jstor)

Paper-V**Viva-Voce**
SOC/C009**Maximum Marks: 100**

There will be Viva-Voce as a Compulsory full paper. The Viva-Voce will be conducted by one External and one Internal Examiner appointed by the University.

Semester-III
Paper-I
Classical Sociological Thinkers
SOC/C010

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Herbert Spencer: The Evolutionary Doctrine; Organic Analogy.

Unit – II

V. Pareto: Logical and Non-logical Action, Residues and Derivatives, Circulation of Elites.

Unit – III

P.A. Sorokin: Social Mobility, Social-Cultural Dynamics, Revolution.

Unit – IV

Talcott Parsons: Action Frame of Reference, AGIL Paradigm, Pattern Variables.

R.K. Merton: Function and Dysfunction, Bureaucracy.

Readings:

Barnes, Harry Elmer "AN INTRODUCTION TO THE HISTORY OF SOCIOLOGY", Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1948.

Coser, Lewis A. "Masters of Sociological Thought", New York, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, Inc., 1971.

Timasheff, Nicholas S. "Sociological Theory – Its Nature & Growth", New York, Random House, 1967.

Nisbet, Robert A. "The Sociological Tradition", London, Heinemann, 1979.

Bogardus, Emory S. "The Development of Social Thought", Bombay, Vakils, Borrer and Simons Pvt. Ltd., 1960.

Aron, Raymond "Main Currents in Sociological Thought" Vol. 1 & 2, Hammondsworth, Middlesex, Penguin Books, 1965.

Abel, Theodore "The Foundation of Sociological Theory" Indian ed., Jaipur, Rawat Publications, 1980.

Abraham, Francis M. "Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction", Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1982.

Sorokin Pitrim "Contemporary Sociological Theories". Indian Ed. New Delhi, Kalyani Publishers, 1978.

Morrison, Ken. 1995. *Marx, Weber and Durkheim*, London : Sage Publications.

Merton, R.K. (1968), Social Theory & Social Structure, Glencoe, Illrd Free Press.

Paper-II
Research Techniques & Statistical Analysis
SOC/C011

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit-I

Sampling Design; Census and Sampling Method, Area of Study, Universe of Study, Sample Design, Steps in Sampling Design, Criteria for Selecting a Sampling Procedure; Characteristics of a Good Sample Design, Types of Sampling Method.

Unit-II

Techniques of Data Collection; Collection of Primary Data; Questionnaire, Schedule, Interview, Observation, Case Study, Survey Method, Content Analysis, Collection of Secondary Data, Historical and Document/oral Sources, Journal and Books.

Unit-III

Analysis and Interpretation of Data, Scrutiny of Secondary Data, Checking of Questionnaire and Schedule, Editing of data, Codification Transcribing, Classification, Tabulation, Comparison and Interpretations. Graphic Presentation of Data – Chart, Histograms, and Graphs.

Unit-IV

Use of Statistics in the Analysis of Data: Mean, Median, Mode, S.D. Correlation.

Readings:

Ahuja, Ram (2001), Research Methods, Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Bailey, Kenneth D. (1982), Method of Social Research, New York: The Free Press, Second Edition.

Blalock, Hubert M. (1979), Social Statistics. New York: Tata Mc-Graw-Hill.

Champion, Dean. J. (1981), Basic Statistics for Social Research New York: Macmillan Publishing.

Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K. (1952), Methods in Social Research, New York: McGraw International Students Edition.

Gupta, S.P. (2002), Statistical Methods, New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons Publication.

Kumar Ranjit (2006), Research Methodology: A Step-by-step Guide for beginners, Australia, Pearson Education.

Moser, S.C. and G. Kalton (1971), Survey Methods in Social Investigation, London: Heinmann.
Nachmias David & Nachmias Chava (1981), Research Methods in Social Sciences, New York. St. Martin's Press.

Seltiz, Claire et al (1959), Research Methods in Social Relation, New York: Henry Holt and Co.
Thakur, Devender (2003), Research Methodology in Social Science, New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Young, P.V. (1988), Scientific Social Surveys and Research, New Delhi Prentice Hall.

Paper-III (Group A)
Social Anthropology
SOC/C012A

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Introduction to Social Anthropology: Definition, Nature and Scope of Social Anthropology, Social Anthropology and its Relationship with Sociology, History, Economics and Psychology.

Unit – II

Theoretical Orientation: Functionalism (Ridcliffe-Brown & B. Malinowski), Structuralism (Claude Levi-Strauss), Field Work Approach in Social Anthropology.

Unit – III

Concepts and Social Institution: Culture, Clan, Caste and Race, Family, Kinship, Marriage and Religious Institutions.

Unit – IV

Tribes in India: Definition, Characteristics and Geographical Distribution.

Problems of Tribal People, Tribal Movements in India, Social and Cultural Change among Tribal Society in India.

Readings

- Beattie, John (1964), *Other Cultures: Aims, Methods and Achievements in Anthropology*, London: R.K.P.
- Beteille (1974), *Six Essays in Comparative Sociology*, New Delhi: OUP.
- Fox, Robn (1973), *Encounter with Anthropology*, England: Penguin Books Ltd.
- Godelier, Maurice (1973), *Perspectives in Marxist Anthropology*, London: Cambridge University Press.
- Harris, Marvin (1972), *The Rise of Anthropology*, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Keessing, Roger, M. (1976), *Cultural Anthropology: A Contemporary Perspective*, America : Holt Remmhart and Winston.
- Kuper, Adam (1977), *Social Anthropology of Redcliff Brown*, London : Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Madan, T.N. and D.N. Majumdar (1980), *An Introduction to Social Anthropology*, Delhi : Asia Publishing House.
- Mandelbaum, D.G. (1974), *Society in India*, Bombay Popular Prakashan.
- Manners and Kaplan (1968), *Theories in Anthropology*, Chicago Aldine Publishing Co.
- Pritchard, Evans (1972), *Social Anthropology*, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Radcliffe-Brown, A.R. (1957), *Structure Function in Primitive Society*, R.K.P. London.
- Singh K.S. (1983), *Tribal Movements in India*, Vol. 1&2, Delhi: Manohar Publications.

Paper IV (Group A)
Industrial Sociology
SOC/C012B

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Nature, Scope and Development of Industrial Sociology, Causes and Consequences of Industrialization.

Unit - II

Formal and Informal Industrial Organizations – The Structure and Features of Formal Organization – Pre-requisites of Industrial Organization.

Industrial Management -The Managerial Structure, Line and Staff Organizations, Functions of Line and Staff – Supervisors – White collar Workers-Blue Collar Workers and Specialists.

Unit – III

Meaning, Forms and Causes of Industrial Disputes (with reference to India)
Grievance Procedure – Settlement of Industrial disputes – Machinery (with reference to India) – Conciliation machinery – Arbitration Machinery.

Unit - IV

Scope and Evolution of Labour welfare, Labour welfare in India, Government and Trade Unions.

Readings:

Gisbert Pascal, Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 1972.

Schneider Engeno ,V. Industrial Sociology 2nd Edition, Mc. Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 1979.

Mamoria, C.B. and Mamoria, S. Dynamics of Industrial Relations In India.

Sinha, G.P. and P.R.N. Sinha, Industrial Relations and Labour Legislations, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. 1977.

Tyagi, B.P. Labour Economics and Social Welfare, Jai Prakashnath and Co. Meerut, 1980.

Methrotra, S.N. Labour Problems In India, 3rd Revised Edition, S. Chand and Co. New Delhi, 1981. RM 72.

Paper III (Group B) Indian Social Problems SOC/C013A

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Conceptual Issues: Meaning, Nature, Characteristics and Types of Social Problems, Anomie and Alienation.

Unit – II

Theories of Social Problems: Social Disorganization Approach, Value Conflict Approach, Cultural Lag Approach and Labeling Theory.

Unit – III

Social Tensions: Casteism, Communalism, Regionalism, Terrorism and Corruption.

Unit – IV

Social Problems and Legislations: Poverty, Dowry, Divorce, Unemployment and Honour Killing.

Environmental Pollution, Consumer Protection Act. Problems of Elderly.

Readings:

Ahuja Ram. Social problems in India Rawat Publication, New Delhi. 1999

Elliot, Mabel A and Merrill, Francis E. Social Disorganization, Harper and Brothers, New York, 1950.

Gurr, Ted Robert, Why Men Rebel, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1970.

Madan G.R. Indian Social problems Allied Publisher, New Delhi. 1976.

Pachauri, J.P. (1999) (ed.), Drug Abuse and Alcoholism in India, Bareilly, MTC Printers.

Robert K. Merton and Robert Nisbet, (ed.) Contemporary social problems, Harcourt Brace, New York, 1971.

Paper IV (Group B)
Sociology of Environment
SOC/C013B

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Sociology of Environment: The Rise, Decline and Resurgence of Sociology of Environment. Interrelation among Ecology, Environment and Society.

UNIT-II

Emerging Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology of Environment: Contribution of Dunlop and Cotton, Partick Giddens, Ramchandra Guha and Radha Kamal Mukherjee.

UNIT-III

Sustainable Development and Environmental Conservation.

Environment and Health—Environmental Deterioration and Health Problems,
Environmental Degradation and Diseases.

UNIT-IV

Environment Impact Analysis, its Need, Scope and Methodology.

Role of Traditional Knowledge and Religious Beliefs to Environmental Protection
Social Movements regarding Environment & Ecology, Role of NGOs in Environment
Protection.

Readings:

Agarwal, Anil (1989), "Economy and Environment in India", in Anil Agarwal (ed.) *The Price of Forest*. New Delhi: Centre for Science and Environment.

Bhatt, Anil (1989), *Development and Social Justice: Micro Action by Weaker Section*, Sage: New Delhi

Carolyn Merchant (Ed.), *Ecology, Key Concepts in critical theory*, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 1996.

Chauhan, I.S. (1998), *Environmental Degradation*, Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Dubey, S.M. and Murdia, Ratno (ed.) (1980), *Land Alienation and Restoration in Tribal Communities in India*, Bombay: Himalaya Publishing House.

Gadgil, Madhav & Ram Chandra Guha (1996), *Ecology and Equity : The use and Abuse of Nature the Himalaya*. OUP : Delhi.

Guha, Ram Chandra (1995), *The Unquiet Woods: Ecological Change and Peasant Resistance in the Himalaya*. OUP: Delhi.

John A. Hannigan, *Environmental Sociology*, Routedge, London, 1995.

Mushi, Indra (2000), *Environment in Sociological Theory*, *Sociological Bulletin*, Vol. 49, No. 2.

Schnaiberg, Allan (1980), *The Environment*, New York: OUP.

Singh, Gian (1991), *Environmental Deterioration in India: Causes and Control*, New Delhi: Agricoles.

Wilson, Des (ed.) (1984), *The Environmental Crisis*, London: Heinemann.

Semester-IV

Paper-I Modern Sociological Theory SOC/C014

Maximum Marks: 80

Unit – I

Levels of Theorization in Sociology: its Origin and Contemporary Status: Merton's Scheme of Theorization: Conflict Approach : Dahrendorf's Class and Class Conflict and Coser's Functions of Social Conflict.

Unit - II

Phenomenological and Ethno methodological Theory: Alfred Shutz's Concept of Life World : Peter Berger and Lunkmann's Social Construction of Reality : Garfinkel's Ethno Methodology and Goffman' Dramaturgical Approach.

Unit – III

Neo-Functional and Neo-Marxist Theory: J. Alexander's Neo-Functional Approach : Habermas's Legitimation Theory : Louis Althusser's idea of Marxist Structuralism and Gramsci's Notion of Hegemony.

Unit - IV

Structural and Post Modernist Theory: Gidden's Structuration Theory, Derrida's Deconstructionist Approach and Foucault's Post Modernist Theory.

Readings:

Abraham (2001), M. Francis: Modern Sociology Theory : An Introduction, Kolkatta, Oxford University Press.

Aron, Raymond (1965), Main Currents in Sociological Thoughts, Vol.-I & II, New York; Basis Books.

Bootmore, Tom & Nisbet, Robert (2004), A History of Sociological Analysis, Jaipur, Rawat Publications.

Cohen. Percy S. (1968), Modern Social Theory, New York, Basic Books

(1994) The Polity Reader in Social Theory. Cambridge, Polity Press.

Giddens, Anthony (1996), Capitalism & Modern Social Theory Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.

Lemert, Charles (2004), Social Theory : The Multicultural and Classic readings, Jaipur, Rawat Publications.

Ritzer George (2000) Modern Sociological Theory, New York, Mc-Graw-Hill.

Turner, Jonathan H. (2001), The Structure of Sociological Theory, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Ritzer, George (2000), Classical Sociological Theory, New York, Mc-Graw-Hill, Higher Education.

Zeitlin, Irving M. (2001), Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Paper-II
Sociology of Planning & Development
SOC/C015

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Concept of Planning and Development: Centralized and Decentralized Planning.

Theories of Planning: Democratic Socialistic and Totalitarian.

UNIT-II

Changing Concept of Development: Economic Growth, Human Development, Social Development And Sustainable Development.

Role of Intellectuals, Bureaucrats and Power Politics in the Planning and Development in India.

UNIT-III

Social Policy and Planning in India: Plan Formulation, Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation

Indian Experience of Planning: Sociological Appraisal of Five year Plans.

UNIT-IV

Prospects and Problems of Community Development in India.

Regional Planning and Development with Reference to Problems and Prospects of Garhwal Region.

Readings:

Bulmer, M. Etl. (1989), The Goals of Social Policy, London: Unwin Hyman.

Bandyppadhayay, D. (1987), People's Participation in Planning Kerala Experiment, Economics and Political Weekly, Sept. 24, 2450-54.

Chakraborty, S. (1987), Development Planning-Indian Experience, Oxford, Clarendon Press.

- Ghosh, A. (1992), *Planning in India : The Challenge for the Nineties*, New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- Huttman, E.E. (1981), *Introduction to Social Policy*, New York, McGraw Hill.
- Kulkarni, P.D. (1979), *Social Policy and Social Development in India*, Madras, Association of Schools of Social Work in India.
- Madison, B.Q. (1980), *The Meaning of Social Policy*, London, Croom Helm.
- Mukherjee, N. (1993), *Participatory Rural Appraisal : Methodology*.

Paper-III (Group A)
Women and Society
SOC/C016A

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Social Construction of Gender: Gender and Biological Sex.

Approaches to the Study of Women: Psychological, Functional, Marxian and Feminist.

UNIT-II

The Changing Status of Women in India: Pre-Colonial, Colonial and Post-Colonial.

Social Reforms and Movement's for the Upliftment of Women in 19th and 20th Centuries.

UNIT-III

The Demographic Profile of women in India, The Declining Sex Ratio, Causes and Consequences.

Development and Women: Technology, Liberalization and Globalization and Their Impact on Women.

UNIT-IV

Women and Law: Domestic Violence, Crime against Women, Women and Human Rights.

Empowerment of Women: Reservation, Role of State and NGOs.

Readings:

- Aggarawal, B. (1988), Structure of Patriarchy: State, Community and Household in modernizing India (ed.) New Delhi: Kali for Women.
- Ahlawat, Neerja (1995), Women Organizations and Social Networks, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
- Boserup, E. (1970), Women's Role in Economic Development, London: George Allen and Unwin.
- Cater, Libby et al (1977), Women and Men-Changing Roles, Relationship and Perceptions, New York: Praeger.
- Center for Women's Development Studies (1987), Women and Development: Gender Issues, Occasional Paper No. 2, New Delhi, CWDS.
- Chanana, K. (1988), Socialization, Women and Education: Exploration in Gender Identity, New Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Desai, Neera and M. Krishnaraj (1987), Women and Society in India, Delhi: Ajanta Publication.
- Dube, Leela and Rajni Parliwal (1990), Structures and Strategies: Women, Work and Family, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- Govt. of India (1988), National Perspective Plan for Women (1988-2000), A.D. Deptt. Of "W.& C.D." New Delhi: Ministry of H.R.D.
- Nagla, B.K , Women, Crime and Law, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Paper IV (Group A) Sociology of Crime SOC/C016B

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Criminology: Meaning Nature and Scope

Crime and Criminals: Types, Factors and Theories

UNIT-II

Sociology of Deviance, Conformity and Deviance, Social Disorganization and its Implications.

Suicide, Organized Crimes and White Collar Crimes.

UNIT-III

Juvenile Delinquency: Nature, Causes and Treatment

Development of Modern Correctional Concepts, Probation and Parole, Treatment of Criminals.

UNIT-IV

Punishment: Objectives, forms and theories, Capital Punishment Problems of Alcoholism, Addiction, Prostitution, Corruption and youth Unrest.

Sociology and History of Prison, Reform in India

Readings:

Ahuja, Ram (2000), Social Problems in India, Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

Madan, G.R. (1991), India's Social Problems, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.

Crime in India (2007-08), Crime in India Reports, New Delhi: Government of India.

Thio, Alex (1978), Deviant Behaviour, Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co.

Makkar, S.P. Singh and Paul C. Friday, (1993), Global Perspectives in Criminology. Jalandhar: ABC Publications.

Ministry of Home Affairs, (1998), Crime in India. New Delhi : Government of India.

Sutherland, Edwin H. and Donald R. Cressey, (1968), Principles of Criminology, Bombay : The Times of India Press.

Walklete, Sandra. (1998), Understanding Criminology, Philadelphia : Open University Press.

Ryan Patrick J. and George Rush. (1997), Understanding Organized Crime in Global Perspective, London: Sage Publications.

Paper III (Group B) Urban Sociology SOC/C017A

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT-I

Urban Sociology: Meaning, Nature and Scope, its Relation with Other Social Sciences.

Urban Sociology in India: Emerging Trends in Urban Sociology in India.

UNIT-II

Urban Social Structure: Family, Marriage and Kinship.

UNIT-III

Dimensions of Urbanization and the Social Consequences of Urbanization.

Industrialization and Urbanization their Interrelationship and Consequences.

UNIT-IV

Urban Problems – Migration, Housing , Slums and Poverty, Prostitution, Alcoholism and Drug Addiction, Juvenile Delinquency.

Urban Planning: Meaning Objectives and Agencies. Factors affecting Urban Planning.

Readings:

Alfred D' Souza (1978), *The Indian City: Poverty, Ecology and Urban Development*, Manohar Publications, New Delhi.

Ashis Boss (1901-1971, 1979), *Studies in India's Urbanisation*.

Harry Gold (1982), *The Sociology of Urban Life*, Prentice-Hall.

J.A. Quinn (1967), *Urban Sociology*, Ch. 14 Eurasia, Delhi.

M.S.A. Rao (ed.) (1974), *Urban Sociology in India*.

M.S. Gore (1968), *Urbanisation and Family Change*.

Ram Chandran, R. (1991), *Urbanisation and Urban System in India*, OUP Delhi.

Raj S. Gandhi (1981), *Urban Sociology in India*, *International Journal Contemporary Sociology*, Vol. 18, Nos. & 4, 1981.

Satish Saberwal (ed.) (1978), *Process and Institution in Urban India*.

Saunders Peter (1981), *Social Theory and Urban Question*, Hutchionson.

T.K. Oommen (1967), *The Rural Urban Continuum Re-examined in the India Context*, *Sociologia Ruralis*, Vol. 07, No. 1.

Wilson R.A. and D.A. Schulz (1978), *Urban Sociology*, Prentice-Hall.

W.W. Burgess & D.J. Bogue (ed.) (1964), *Contributions to Urban Sociology*. University of Chicago Press.

Paper IV (Group B)

Religion and Society SOC/C017B

Maximum Marks: 80

UNIT - I

Sociology of Religion: Definition, Subject Matter.

Approaches to the Study of Religious Phenomena: Theological, Psychological Anthropological and Sociological.

UNIT - II

Religious experiences and institutions: (i) The Sacred and the Charismatic, (ii) Creed, Cult and Codes.

Religious Organization: Church, Sect and Denominations.

UNIT - III

Religion and Social Control: its role in Legitimation.

Religion and Social Change: Weber's Thesis and its Relevance to India.

UNIT - IV

Functions and Dysfunctions of Religion. Communalism in India: its Nature and Socio-Economic Bases.

Religious Revivalism and Process of Secularization.

Readings:

Madan, T.N. (ed.). (1992), (enlarged edition). Religion in India: Oxford University Press.

Muzumdar, H.T. (1996), India's religious heritage. New Delhi: Allied.

Pachauri, J.P. Chakkanatt, J.D. (2004), Religio-Cultural Plurality and Nation-State. Srinagar, Sadharmyam Publication.

Roberts, Keith A (1984), Religion in Sociological Perspective. New York: Dorsey Press.

Shakir, Moin (ed.). (1989), Religion, State and Politics in India Delhi : Ajanta Publications.

Turner, Bryan S. (1991), (2nd edition), Religion and Social Theory. London: Sage.

Paper-V
Dissertation
OR
Viva-Voce

1. Dissertation will be allowed to only those Students who have secured 55% marks in the aggregate of last three Semesters.
2. Dissertation shall be based on the field work. The field work shall be related to the collection of primary data. The field work shall be carried out under the general supervision of Supervisor and Head of the Department.
3. Two typed copies of the Dissertation shall be submitted in the Department through, Head of the Department.
4. The Dissertation shall be examined by the board of examiners consisting of Head of Department/Supervisor and external examiner (to be appointed by University) who shall also conduct the Viva-Voce of the candidate. Both the examiners shall give marks.
5. There will be Viva-Voce as a full paper. The Viva-Voce will be conducted by one External and one Internal Examiner appointed by the University.